To Our Clients

Tender Offers - Curative Amendments to Disclosure Documents. In Ronson Corp. v. Liquifin, CCH ¶ 94,369

(D.N.J. Jan. 11, 1974) the court carries the Corenco decision a step further and states that an offeror should be able to correct deficiencies in Williams Act disclosure documents and permanent injunctive relief for a Williams Act disclosure violation is appropriate only where the offeror willfully attempted to withhold information from the target company's shareholders.

Short Swing Profits. In Schur v. Salzman, CCH 94,370 (S.D.N.Y. Oct. 9, 1973) Judge Weinfeld passed on a number of important issues under § 16b:

- (1) a 16(b) cause of action survives the corporation's merger and the cause of action accrues to the surviving corporation on which no new demand need be made by plaintiff;
- (2) a surviving corporation-buyer is not estopped from asserting a 16(b) cause of action on the ground that it benefited from the purchase that gave rise to the cause of action;
- (3) a "sale of control premium" will not be taken into account in the absence of allocation of the purchase price thereto in the purchase contract, and
- (4) no distinction is made for 16(b) purposes between restricted shares and free shares -- sale of one can be matched against purchase of other.

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